Métis National Council Secretariat Inc.

Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2022



Métis National Council Secretariat Inc.

Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Métis National Council Secretariat Inc.

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Métis National Council Secretariat Inc. (the "Organization" or "MNC") which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effect of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at March 31, 2022, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

One of MNC's program known as the Métis Veterans Legacy Program is administered in part by the Manitoba Métis Federation ("MMF"). We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about all the transactions incurred by MMF on behalf of MNC in relation to this program for the year ended March 31, 2022. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 was also qualified because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments may be necessary to the Organization's revenue, program expenses, the related deferred revenue and advances to the Manitoba Métis Federation as well as the excess of revenue over expenses and cash flows from operations for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, assets as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, and the net assets at the end of the March 31, 2022 and 2021 years.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Baker Tilly Ottawa LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants October 25, 2022 Ottawa, Ontario

March 31	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Cash (Note 1) Accounts receivable HST receivable Due from related parties (Note 3) Prepaid expenses Advances to Manitoba Métis Federation (Note 4)	\$ 9,523,196 881,237 244,768 1,175 72,772 7,299,255	\$ 13,118,789 1,349,372 145,943 128,118 55,720 1,799,255
Investments (Note 2)	18,022,403 23,107,059	16,597,197 20,552,836
Capital assets (Note 5)	3,981	5,437
	\$ 41,133,443	\$ 37,155,470
Liabilities and Net Assets Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,414,881	\$ 2,434,504
Due to related parties (Note 3) Deferred revenue (Note 7) Current portion of contributions repayable to funding agencies (Note 8)	862,130 5,565,973 99,785	232,410 3,384,610 99,785
agencies (Note 0)	7,942,769	6,151,309
Deferred revenue (Note 7)	28,257,090	28,453,505
Contributions repayable to funding agencies (Note 8)	382,510	482,295
Deferred contributions	3,003	4,084
	36,585,372	35,091,193
Net assets	4,548,071	2,064,277
	\$ 41,133,443	\$ 37,155,470

Métis National Council Secretariat Inc. Statement of Financial Position

Approved on behalf of the Board:

Ludrey Poitras Governor

Allola

Governor

Métis National Council Secretariat Inc. Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31	2022	2021
Revenue Indigenous Services Canada Environment Canada Employment and Social Development Canada Public Health Agency of Canada Parks Canada Canadian Partnership Against Cancer Heritage Canada Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada Minister of Natural Resources Veterans Affairs Canada Amortization of deferred contributions Other revenue (loss)	\$ 8,097,091 176,700 283,340 36,300 100,000 84,070 121,400 - 112,760 196,415 1,080 (95,064)	\$ 7,181,949 342,519 562,775 101,800 95,450 69,400 1,082,205 23,047 - 1,350,745 1,492 (12,786)
	9,114,092	10,798,596
Expenses Amortization (Note 5) Bad debt Communication and printing Insurance Interest and bank charges Office equipment Office supplies Professional fees Program materials and services Postage and courier Rent Repairs and maintenance Salaries and benefits Telephone and utilities Travel, accommodation, meals and facilities Veterans recognition payments	1,456 - 115,717 5,125 7,477 17,779 78,757 5,194,591 31,915 18,097 328,931 51,900 2,948,949 35,095 451,842 - 9,287,631	1,673 38,435 348,726 5,456 10,791 39,557 57,439 6,495,246 535,976 9,748 324,972 44,224 1,982,100 56,745 177,529 80,000 10,208,617
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year before other income	(173,539)	589,979
Other income Investment income attributed to Veterans Affairs Canada	2,657,333	528,199
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year	2,483,794	1,118,178
Net assets, beginning of year	2,064,277	946,099
Net assets, end of year	\$ 4,548,071	\$ 2,064,277

Métis National Council Secretariat Inc. Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31	2022	2021
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities Excess of revenue over expenses for the year Adjustment for Amortization of capital assets (Note 5) Amortization of deferred contributions	\$ 2,483,794	\$ 1,118,178 1,673 (1,492)
Changes in non-cash working capital balances Accounts receivable HST receivable Due from related parties Prepaid expenses Due to related parties Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Advances to Manitoba Métis Federation	2,484,170 468,135 (98,825) 126,943 (17,052) 629,720 (1,019,624) 1,984,948 (5,500,000)	1,118,359 1,291,437 29,258 13,735 112,499 (631,576) 761,512 964,097 (1,799,255)
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities	<u>(941,585)</u> (2,554,223)	1,860,066
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities Repayment of contributions repayable to funding agencies	(99,785)	(20,332,830)
Decrease in cash during the year	(3,595,593)	(18,792,556)
Cash, beginning of year	13,118,789	31,911,345
Cash, end of year	\$ 9,523,196	\$ 13,118,789

Métis National Council Secretariat Inc. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

March 31, 2022

Nature of Organization	Métis National Council Secretariat Inc. (the "Organization" or "MNC") was incorporated under the Canada Corporations Act. MNC continued under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act (the "Act") effective October 20, 2014.
	In accordance with the Organization's Articles of Continuance ("Articles") under the Act, the purpose of the Organization is to operate programs and perform research aimed at recognizing the political, legal and constitutional right of the Métis people of Canada. The Organization receives funding for operations and programs from the federal government.
	The Organization is also a not-for-profit organization within the meaning of the Income Tax Act of Canada and is exempt from income taxes on its not-for-profit activities.
Basis of Presentation	These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations which are part of Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and include the following significant accounting policies.
Use of Estimates	The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates and assumptions as additional information becomes available in the future. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in operations in the fiscal period in which they become known.
	Significant estimates include assumptions used in estimating: the initial fair value of financial instruments; the amounts and collectibility of accounts receivable; the useful life, amortization and long-term potential of capital assets; provisions for accrued liabilities; and the amount and timing of revenue earned and deferred.
Financial Instruments	The Organization's financial instruments are financial assets or financial liabilities where, in general, the Organization has the right to receive cash or another financial asset from another party or the Organization has the obligation to pay another party cash or other financial assets.
	Measurement of arm's length financial instruments
	The Organization initially measures its arm's length financial assets and liabilities at fair value.
	The Organization subsequently measures arm's length financial instruments at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income.

Métis National Council Secretariat Inc. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

March 31, 2022

Financial Instruments (continued)	Arm's length financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include cash, investments, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. There are no financial assets or financial liabilities measured at fair value.
	Measurement of related party financial instruments
	The Organization initially measures its related party financial instruments at fair value, cost or the exchange amount.
	When the related party financial instrument has repayment terms, cost is determined using the undiscounted cash flows of the instrument, excluding interest and dividend payments, less any impairment losses previously recognized. If the related party financial instrument does not have repayment terms, cost is determined using the exchange amount. The exchange amount is the amount of consideration paid or received as established and agreed to by the related parties.
	The Organization subsequently measures related party financial assets quoted in an active market at fair value. All other related party financial assets are subsequently measured at cost of the exchange amount.
	Financial liabilities related to retractable preferred shares issued in a tax planning arrangement are subsequently measured at their redemption amount. All other related party financial liabilities are subsequently measured at cost or the exchange amount.
	Related party financial instruments measured at the exchange amount are amounts due to related parties.
	Impairment
	Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write-down is recognized in operations as an expense. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in operations.
	Transaction costs
	The Organization recognizes its transaction costs in operations in the period incurred. However, financial instruments that will not be subsequently measured at fair value are adjusted by the transaction costs that are directly attributable to their origination, issuance or assumption.
Capital Assets	Capital assets funded by Government agreements are recorded on the statement of financial position as a capital asset and deferred contributions related to capital assets. Capital assets which are not funded by Government are recorded at cost and capitalized. These

Métis National Council Secretariat Inc. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

March 31, 2022

Capital Assets (continued)	assets and deferred contributions are amortized to expenditures and revenues in accordance with the rates as noted below.
	Computer equipment is amortized is amortized using the declining balance method at a rate or 30%. Furniture and fixtures are amortized using the declining balance method at a rate of 20%.
Revenue Recognition	The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Under this method, contributions restricted for future fiscal year expenses or a future fiscal year's operations are deferred and are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which the related expenses are incurred or the future fiscal year to which the contribution relates. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.
	Investment income is recognized as revenue as it is earned in accordance with the previously set out financial instruments significant accounting policy. Investment income is included in "Veterans Affairs Canada and related investment income" revenue in the Statement of Operations.
	Certain grants and contributions specify that unexpended amounts remaining at completion of the programs must be returned and are recorded as payables, other grants and contributions allow for deferral of revenues and amounts receivable or received are deferred until they are expended, and other grants and contributions allow for the Organization to keep any unexpended funding balances provided that program requirements identified in the program terms and conditions have been met.
Investments	Investments consist of a variety of cash and cash equivalents, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, fixed income investments, shares in publicly traded companies and mutual funds and are recorded at fair market value. Any unrealized gains or losses are recorded in the statement of operations. All investment income is attributed to the Métis Veterans Legacy Fund in relation to a service provider agreement and thus any excess income over project expenses is deferred to a future period.

March 31, 2022

1. Cash and Bank Indebtedness

The Organization has a revolving line of credit facility in the amount of \$250,000 that bears interest at the Royal Bank of Canada's prime rate plus 1.00% per annum, calculated and payable monthly. It is secured by a general security agreement constituting a first position on all property of the Organization. No funds have been drawn on this credit facility at year end.

The Organization has a credit facility agreement with Louis Riel Capital Corporation for shortterm bridge financing, issued October 27, 2015 for \$250,000. Monthly interest only payments are payable with an interest rate of 8.75%. Interest is accrued daily and compounded monthly secured by a promissory note for \$250,000 from the Organization and a registered general security agreement on all assets in second position on all present and future business assets. At year end, \$nil (2021 - \$25,115) of this credit facility was utilized.

2. Investments

Investments are held in relation to the Métis Veterans Legacy Fund. The investments consist of the following (reported in CAD):

	2022		2021	
Cash and cash equivalents				
Canada	\$ 2,338,616	\$	3,342,479	
United States of America	33,491		10,301	
Fixed income				
Canada	5,419,361		5,874,003	
United States of America	198,579		208,026	
Equities				
Canada	11,045,322		8,339,185	
United States of America	3,045,336		1,902,476	
International	765,787		876,366	
Emerging market	260,567		-	
Total investments	\$ 23,107,059	\$	20,552,836	

Fixed income securities bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 1.0% to 3.0% and mature between June 2022 and December 2030.

March 31, 2022

3. Related Party Balances

At year end, the balance due from a related party of \$1,175 (2021 - \$128,118) is owing from Les Femmes Michif Otipemisiwak (LFMO); the balance has been collected subsequent to year-end.

At year end, amounts owing to related parties are as follows: Manitoba Métis Federation of \$32,067 (2021 - \$232,410), Métis Nation British Columbia of \$42,720 (2021 - \$nil), Métis Nation of Alberta of \$228,608 (2021 - \$nil), Métis Nation of Ontario of \$253,522 (2021 - \$nil) and Métis Nation of Saskatchewan of \$305,213 (2021 - \$nil). The balances due are unsecured, non-interest bearing with no specific terms of repayment.

4. Advances to Manitoba Métis Federation

The Métis Veterans Legacy Program is administered in part by the Manitoba Métis Federation. The advances represent the funds transferred to Manitoba Métis Federation net of known expenses paid with these funds.

5. Capital Assets

	2022					2021			
		Cost	-	cumulated nortization		Net Book Value	Cost	ccumulated mortization	Net Book Value
Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures	\$	63,830 86,567	\$	61,250 85,166	\$	2,580 1,401	\$ 63,830 86,567	\$ 60,144 84,816	\$ 3,686 1,751
	\$	150,397	\$	146,416	\$	3,981	\$ 150,397	\$ 144,960	\$ 5,437

Amortization of capital assets for the year is \$1,456 (2021 - \$1,673) and is included in the Statement of Operations.

6. Repayable Contributions

A prior balance owed to Indigenous Services Canada (previously known as Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada) of \$106,529 is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada has previously agreed to be repaid via reduced contributions payments to the Organization, however, to date have not collected the amount. A balance of \$599,900 has also been added to the payable balance for the current year.

March 31, 2022

7. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue represents unspent resources externally restricted for specific programs. Changes in the deferred revenue balance are as follows

	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year Contributions Expenses incurred and revenue recognized	\$ 32,366,314 13,850,365 (9,208,076)	\$ 30,874,018 12,302,186 (10,809,890)
Balance, end of year	\$ 37,008,603	\$ 32,366,314
Deferred revenue consists of the following:		
	2022	2021
Canadian Partnership Against Cancer Environment and Climate Change Canada Employment and Social Development Canada Heritage Canada Indigenous Services Canada Public Health Agency of Canada Métis Veterans Legacy Fund - long-term Minister of Natural Resources	\$ 46,530 55,313 1,552,160 878,600 2,728,230 261,900 28,257,090 43,240	\$ 30,600 107,013 645,500 438,797 1,984,500 178,200 28,453,505
	\$ 33,823,063	\$ 31,838,115

Advances to Manitoba Métis Federation includes \$7,299,255 (2021 - \$1,799,255) made to Manitoba Métis Federation in relation to the Métis Veterans Legacy Fund.

8. Contributions Repayable to Funding Agencies

	 2022	2021
Health Canada, non-interest bearing, monthly repayments of \$8,315, due January 2027 Less: current portion	\$ 482,295 (99,785)	\$ 582,080 (99,785)
Balance, end of year	\$ 382,510	\$ 482,295

March 31, 2022

8. Contributions Repayable to Funding Agencies (continued)

Principal repayments under the agreement are as follows:

2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 99,785 99,785 99,785 99,785 83,155
Total	\$ 482,295

9. Commitments

The Organization has operating leases for premises, office equipment and storage including a lease related to the premises that was entered into subsequent to year-end for a period ending on October 31, 2028. Minimum commitments, net of HST, are as follows:

2023	\$ 261,987
2024	233,376
2025	233,376
2026	233,376
2027	233,376
Thereafter	 369,512
Total	\$ 1,565,003

Subsequent to year-end, the Organization entered into a new lease agreement for premises for the period of March 2023 to March 2033. Minimum lease commitment, net of HST, is \$152,415 per year and excludes any utilities or operating costs. The Organization also entered into a sub lease agreement where it will lease a portion of its space to another organization for the same period. The sub lease amount is estimated at \$126,470 per year and includes the rent as well as the utilities and operating costs.

10. Contingent Liabilities

Certain program revenues of the Organization are subject to conditions regarding the expenditures of the funds. The Organization's accounting records are subject to audit by funding agencies to identify instances, if any, in which the amounts charged to projects have not complied with the agreed terms and conditions, and which, therefore, would be refundable to the funding agency. Any potential adjustments to the financial statements as a result of these audits will be recorded in the future period in which they become known. Any payments made will be recorded to reduce other revenues.

March 31, 2022

11. Financial Instruments Risks and Concentrations

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Organization's risk exposures and concentrations as at March 31, 2022.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Organization's investments in publicly-traded securities exposes the Organization to price risks as equity investments are subject to price and foreign exchange changes in an open market. The Organization does not use derivative financial instruments to alter the effects of these risks.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Organization is exposed to this risk with respect to its investments denominated in foreign currencies.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization's financing has variable interest rates. The Organization is also exposed to this risk with respect to its interest-bearing fixed rate investments.

Credit risk

The Organization is exposed to credit risk in connection with its accounts receivable, the majority of which relate to project funding that is due from various government agencies. Substantially all of accounts receivable is due from government departments.

Changes in risk

There have been no significant changes in the Organization's financial instruments risk exposures during the year ended March 31, 2022.

12. Impact of COVID-19

The duration and full financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is unknown at this time, as are any additional measures to be taken by governments, the Organization or others to attempt to reduce the spread of COVID-19. Any estimate of the length and severity of this pandemic is subject to significant uncertainty and accordingly it is unknown whether COVID-19 may materially and adversely impact the Organization's operations, financial results and condition in future periods.